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RICHARD W. WIEKING  
CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT  
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA  
MS 40

ORIGINAL

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

EMC

CV 11

20 41

ALBERT DYTCH,

Case No. CV 11-  
Civil Rights

Plaintiff,

v.

NEREO TOVAR,

COMPLAINT FOR PRELIMINARY AND  
PERMANENT INJUNCTIVE RELIEF AND  
DAMAGES: DENIAL OF CIVIL RIGHTS AND  
PUBLIC FACILITIES TO PHYSICALLY  
DISABLED PERSONS (CIVIL CODE §§ 51,  
ET SEQ.; INJUNCTIVE RELIEF PER  
TITLE III, AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES  
ACT OF 1990

Defendant.

Plaintiff, Albert Dytch, alleges:

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF: DAMAGES AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF  
FOR DENIAL OF FULL AND EQUAL ACCESS TO A PUBLIC ACCOMMODATION:  
PUBLIC FACILITIES AT A RESTAURANT (Civil Code §§ 51, et seq.)

1. Plaintiff, suffers from muscular dystrophy, does not have the substantial use of his legs and is a "person with a disability" and "physically handicapped person". Plaintiff requires the use of a wheelchair for locomotion and is either unable to use portions of public facilities which are not accessible to disabled persons who require the use of a wheelchair or is only able to use

1 such portions with undue difficulty.

2 2. The Viva Voce Cafe restaurant located at 5761 Thornhill Drive, Oakland, California (the  
3 Restaurant) is a restaurant which is open to the public. Defendant owns the real property where  
4 the Restaurant is located and/or operates the Restaurant.

5 3. Summary of facts: This case involves the denial of access to Plaintiff and others similarly  
6 situated at the Restaurant on May 6, 2010. Plaintiff was denied equal protection of the law and  
7 was denied Civil Rights under both California law and federal law, as hereinbelow described.  
8 Plaintiff was denied his rights to full and equal access at the Restaurant because of an  
9 inaccessible entrance and an inaccessible restroom, all of which made the Restaurant not  
10 properly accessible to Plaintiff and to others similarly situated. Plaintiff seeks injunctive relief  
11 to require Defendant to correct those barriers, to comply with ADAAG and the CBC where  
12 required, to remove all barriers to access in the Restaurant which are readily achievable, to  
13 make all reasonable accommodations in policy in order to enable Plaintiff and others similarly  
14 situated to use the Restaurant and at minimum, to use readily achievable alternative methods to  
15 enable Plaintiff to use the goods and services which the Restaurant makes available to the non-  
16 disabled public. Plaintiff also seeks the recovery of damages for his personal damages involved  
17 in the discriminatory experiences on May 6, 2010, and seeks recovery of reasonable attorney's  
18 fees and litigation expenses and costs according to statute.

19 4. Jurisdiction: This Court has jurisdiction of this action pursuant to 28 USC § 1331 for  
20 violations of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 USC 12101 et seq. Pursuant to  
21 supplemental jurisdiction, attendant and related causes of action arising from the same facts are  
22 also brought under California law, including but not limited to violations of California Civil  
23

Code §§ 51, et seq.

5. Venue: Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 USC 1391(b) and is founded on the fact that the location where Plaintiff experienced his discrimination is located in this district and that Plaintiff's causes of action arose in this district.

6. Intradistrict: This case should be assigned to the San Jose intradistrict because the incident occurred in, and Plaintiff's rights arose in, the San Jose intradistrict.

7. The Restaurant is a "public accommodation or facility" subject to the requirements of California Civil Code § 51, et seq.

8. Placeholder.

9. Defendants are and were the owner, operator, manager, lessor and lessee of the subject Restaurant at all times relevant herein. Plaintiff is informed and believes that each of the Defendants is and was the agent, employee or representative of each of the other Defendants, and performed all acts and omissions stated herein within the scope of such agency or employment or representative capacity and is responsible in some manner for the acts and omissions of the other Defendants in proximately causing the damages complained of herein.

10. Plaintiff and others similarly situated are disabled persons who require the use of a wheelchair and are unable to use public facilities on a "full and equal" basis unless each such facility is in compliance with the provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and the regulations thereof. Under Civil Code §§ 51, et seq., Defendants were required to comply with the requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and the federal regulations adopted pursuant thereto. The acts and omissions of which Plaintiff complains took place at the Restaurant.

1 11. Civil Code §§ 51, et seq., were enacted to prohibit discrimination against people with  
2 disabilities and to encourage the full and free use by people with disabilities of public facilities  
3 and other public places. CC §§ 51, et seq., state that a violation of the Americans with  
4 Disabilities Act of 1990 is a “violation of this section”; CC § 52 states that minimum damages  
5 for discrimination are \$4,000 for each incidence of discrimination.

6 12. Health & Safety Code § 19955 was enacted “To ensure that public accommodations or  
7 facilities constructed in this state with private funds adhere to provisions of Chapter 7  
8 (commencing with § 4450) of Division 5 of Title 1 of the Government Code.” Such public  
9 accommodations include those which are the subject of this action. On information and belief,  
10 Title 24 California Code of Regulations, formerly known as the California Administrative Code,  
11 was in effect at the time of construction and of each alteration of work, all of which occurred  
12 after July 1, 1982, thus requiring access complying with the specifications of title 24 for all such  
13 construction and for each such “alteration, structural repair or addition”.

14 13. The Restaurant’s entrance has no strikeside clearance. The Restaurant’s men’s restroom  
15 has inadequate clearance next to the toilet, no clearance under the sink, and no strikeside  
16 clearance for the exit.

17 On May 6, 2010, Plaintiff patronized the Restaurant. His wife had to open the entrance  
18 door for him because he could not open it. When Plaintiff went to use the men’s restroom to  
19 urinate, he saw that he would be unable to get to the toilet, unable to wash his hands and unable  
20 to get out after. So Plaintiff refrained from using the men’s restroom at all.

21 As a result, Plaintiff is entitled to statutory damages in an amount according to proof.

22 14. Defendant’s failure to have an accessible entrance and an accessible restroom, remove all



1 readily achievable barriers, institute policies in furtherance of accessibility or at least have an  
2 alternate policy to enable Plaintiff to use the goods and services offered to the non-disabled  
3 public without having to suffer the indignities, as aforesaid, was a violation of the California  
4 Building Code, the Americans with Disabilities Act and federal regulations adopted pursuant  
5 thereto, and as a consequence, was a violation of Civil Code §§ 51, et seq.

6 15. Injunctive relief: Plaintiff seeks injunctive relief to prohibit the acts and omissions by  
7 Defendant at the Restaurant as stated above which appear to be continuing, and which have the  
8 effect of wrongfully excluding Plaintiff and others similarly situated from using the Restaurant.  
9 Plaintiff will patronize the Restaurant again once the barriers are removed. Such acts and  
10 omissions are the cause of humiliation and inconvenience of Plaintiff in that these actions  
11 continue to treat Plaintiff as an inferior and second class citizen and serve to discriminate  
12 against Plaintiff on the sole basis that Plaintiff is a person with a disability and requires the use  
13 of a wheelchair for movement in public places. Plaintiff is unable so long as such acts and  
14 omissions of Defendant continue, to achieve equal access to and use of this public facility. The  
15 acts of Defendant have proximately caused and will continue to cause irreparable injury to  
16 Plaintiff if not enjoined by this Court.

17 16. Damages: As a result of the denial of equal access to the Restaurant and due to the acts and  
18 omissions of Defendants and each of them in owning, operating and/or leasing the Restaurant,  
19 Plaintiff suffered a violation of Civil Rights including but not limited to rights under Civil Code  
20 §§ 51, et seq., and suffered mental and emotional distress, all to Plaintiff's damages.

21 Defendant's actions and omissions to act constituted discrimination against Plaintiff on the sole  
22 basis that Plaintiff was physically disabled and unable to use the facilities on a full and equal

1 basis as other persons. Plaintiff seeks the minimum damages of \$4,000 pursuant to CC § 51 et  
2 seq., for each of the dates on which Plaintiff was subjected to barriers at the Restaurant.

3 17. Fees and costs: As a result of Defendant's acts, omissions and conduct, Plaintiff has been  
4 required to incur attorney's fees, litigation expenses, and costs as provided by statute, in order  
5 to enforce Plaintiff's rights and to enforce provisions of the law protecting access for disabled  
6 persons and prohibiting discrimination against disabled persons. Plaintiff therefore seeks  
7 recovery of all reasonable attorney's fees and costs, pursuant to the provisions of Civil Code §§  
8 51, et seq. Additionally, Plaintiff's lawsuit is intended not only to obtain compensation for  
9 damages to Plaintiff, but also to force the Defendants to make their facilities accessible to all  
10 disabled members of the public, justifying "public interest" attorney's fees, litigation expenses  
11 and costs pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5.

12 18. Wherefore, Plaintiff asks this Court to preliminarily and permanently enjoin any continuing  
13 refusal by Defendants to comply with the requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act  
14 of 1990 and regulations adopted pursuant thereto with respect to access of disabled persons to  
15 the Restaurant; for statutory damages pursuant to CC § 52 and for attorneys' fees and costs  
16 pursuant to CC §§ 52.

17 SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF:  
18 VIOLATION OF THE AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT OF 1990  
19 42 USC §§ 12101 FF

20 19. Plaintiff realleges the allegations of paragraphs 1-18 hereof.

21 20. Pursuant to law, in 1990 the United States Congress made findings per 42 USC §12101  
22 regarding physically disabled persons, finding that laws were needed to more fully protect  
23 "some 43 million Americans [with] one or more physical or mental disabilities"; that

1 "historically society has tended to isolate and segregate individuals with disabilities"; and that  
 2 "such forms of discrimination against individuals with disabilities continue to be a serious and  
 3 pervasive social problem"; that "the Nation's proper goals regarding individuals with disabilities  
 4 are to assure equality of opportunity, full participation, independent living and economic self  
 5 sufficiency for such individuals"; and that "the continuing existence of unfair and unnecessary  
 6 discrimination and prejudice denies people with disabilities the opportunity to compete on an  
 7 equal basis and to pursue those opportunities for which our free society is justifiably famous ..."

8 21. Congress stated as its purpose in passing the Americans with Disabilities Act (42 USC  
 9 §12101(b)):

10 It is the purpose of this act

11 (1) to provide a clear and comprehensive national mandate for the elimination of  
 discrimination against individuals with disabilities;

12 (2) to provide clear, strong, consistent, **enforceable standards** addressing discrimination  
 13 against individuals with disabilities;

14 (3) to ensure that the Federal government plays a central role in enforcing the standards  
 established in this act on behalf of individuals with disabilities; and

15 (4) to invoke the sweep of Congressional authority, including the power to enforce the  
 16 14th Amendment and to regulate commerce, in order to address the major areas of  
**discrimination faced day to day** by people with disabilities (emphasis added).

17 22. As part of the Americans with Disabilities Act, Public Law 101-336 (hereinafter the  
 18 "ADA"), Congress passed "Title III - Public Accommodations and Services Operated by Private  
 19 Entities" (42 USC 12181 ff). Among "private entities" which are considered "public  
 20 accommodations" for purposes of this Title is a Restaurant (Regulation 36.104).

21 23. Pursuant to §302, 42 USC §12182, "No individual shall be discriminated against on the  
 22 basis of disability in the full and equal enjoyment of the goods, services, facilities, privileges,

1 advantages or accommodations of any place of public accommodation by any person who owns,  
2 leases or leases to, or operates a place of public accommodation."

3 24. Among the specific prohibitions against discrimination were included:

4 ***§12182(b)(2)(A)(ii)***: "A failure to make reasonable modifications in policies, practices or  
5 procedures when such modifications are necessary to afford such goods, services, facilities,  
6 privileges, advantages or accommodations to individuals with disabilities ...";

7 ***§12182(b)(A)(iii)***: "a failure to take such steps as may be necessary to ensure that no individual  
8 with a disability is excluded, denied service, segregated, or otherwise treated differently than  
9 other individuals because of the absence of auxiliary aids and services ..."; ***§12182(b)(A)(iv)***: "A  
10 failure to remove architectural barriers and communication barriers that are structural in nature,  
11 in existing facilities ... where such removal is readily achievable"; ***§12182(b)(A)(v)***: "Where an  
12 entity can demonstrate that the removal of a barrier under clause (iv) is not readily achievable, a  
13 failure to make such goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations  
14 available through alternative methods if such methods are readily achievable". The acts and  
15 omissions of Defendants set forth herein were in violation of Plaintiff's rights under the ADA,  
16 Public Law 101-336, and the regulations promulgated thereunder, 28 CFR Part 36ff.

17 25. The removal of each of the barriers complained of by Plaintiff as hereinabove alleged, were  
18 at all times herein mentioned "readily achievable" under the standards of the Americans With  
19 Disabilities Act. Because the Restaurant was not accessible, Defendants had an obligation to  
20 have some sort of plan which would have allowed Plaintiff to enjoy the Restaurant's services  
21 without having to suffer the indignities as aforesaid.



1 26. Pursuant to the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 USC 12188ff, §308, Plaintiff is entitled  
2 to the remedies and procedures set forth in §204(a) of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 USC  
3 2000(a)-3(a), as Plaintiff is being subjected to discrimination on the basis of disability in  
4 violation of this Title or has reasonable grounds for believing that he is about to be subjected to  
5 discrimination in violation of §12182. On information and belief, Defendants have continued to  
6 violate the law and deny the rights of Plaintiff and of other disabled persons to access this  
7 public accommodation since on or before March 16, 2010. Pursuant to §12188(a)(2), "In cases  
8 of violations of §12182(b)(2)(A)(iv) ... injunctive relief shall include an order to alter facilities  
9 to make such facilities readily accessible to and usable by individuals with disabilities to the  
10 extent required by this title."

11 27. Plaintiff seeks relief pursuant to remedies set forth in §204(a) of the Civil Rights Act of  
12 1964, (42 USC 2000(a)-3(a), and pursuant to Federal Regulations adopted to implement the  
13 Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990. Plaintiff is a person for purposes of Section 12188(a)  
14 of the ADA who is being subjected to discrimination on the basis of disability in violation of  
15 Title III and who has reasonable grounds for believing he will be subjected to such  
16 discrimination each time that he may attempt to patronize the Restaurant.

17 Wherefore Plaintiff prays for relief as hereinafter stated:

18 PRAYER

19 1. Issue a preliminary and permanent injunction directing Defendants to modify its  
20 facilities as required by law to comply with the ADAAG and the CBC where required, remove  
21 all barriers where it is readily achievable to do so, institute policies in furtherance of  
22 accessibility or at least have an alternate policy to enable Plaintiff to use the goods and services

1 offered to the non-disabled public so that it provides adequate access to all citizens, including  
2 persons with disabilities; and issue a preliminary and permanent injunction directing  
3 Defendants to maintain its facilities usable by plaintiff and similarly situated persons with  
4 disabilities in compliance with federal regulations, and which provide full and equal access, as  
5 required by law;

6 2. Retain jurisdiction over the Defendants until such time as the Court is satisfied that  
7 Defendants' unlawful policies, practices, acts and omissions, and maintenance of inaccessible  
8 public facilities as complained of herein no longer occur, and will not recur;

9 3. Award to Plaintiff all appropriate statutory damages;

10 4. Award to Plaintiff all reasonable attorneys' fees, all litigation expenses, and all costs  
11 of this proceeding as provided by law; and

12 5. Grant such other and further relief as this Court may deem just and proper.

13 Date: April 25, 2011



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15 \_\_\_\_\_ S/Thomas N. Stewart, III \_\_\_\_\_  
16 Attorney for Plaintiff  
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